

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate Name

Class

Section

BLOOM Social Studies
Olympiad (BSSO)
Question Paper 2024-25

Class
7

Total Questions: **50 + 5** (Tie-Breaking Section)

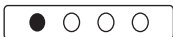
Total Time Allotted :
60 minutes

Total Marks
60

Instructions

1. There are **50 Multiple Choice Questions** in this booklet having 4 options out of which **ONLY ONE** is correct.
2. There are two sections in the Question Paper; Section A having 40 Questions carrying 1 Mark each & Section B having 10 Higher Difficulty Order Questions carrying 2 Marks each.
3. All questions are compulsory. There is **NO negative** marking for incorrect answers.
4. Total time allotted to complete the paper is 60 minutes.
5. Please fill in your details in the space provided on this page before attempting the paper.

OMR Sheet Instructions

1. Before starting the paper, fill in all the details in the OMR Sheet.
2. Additional 10 minutes will be provided to fill up the OMR sheet, before the start of the exam.
3. Use HB Pencil to darken the circle of the correct option in OMR sheet. The correct way to darken the circle in OMR sheet is shown below.

4. Use black or blue ball point pen/HB pencil to fill the information in the OMR sheet. Partially filled OMR sheet will not be checked.
5. Return the OMR sheet to the invigilator after the exam.

CODE #148

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BLOOM CAP
Founded by |  **arihant**

Bloom Social Studies Olympiad Class 7

Section A (1 Mark)

1. Who is a cartographer?
(a) One who draws the maps
(b) One who writes the chronicles
(c) One who maintains the sawars
(d) One who belongs to the Kshatriya clan
2. In what sense did Babur use the word 'Hind'?
(a) Area beyond the Indus
(b) Areas of Punjab, Haryana and Rajasthan
(c) Geographical entity
(d) The geography, the fauna and the culture of the inhabitants of the subcontinent.
3. What does the term 'Tribhuvana-Chakravartin' mean?
(a) Lord of the three worlds
(b) Golden womb
(c) Great king
(d) Overlord
4. Which of the following parties were involved in the tripartite struggle in the 8th century?
(a) Chauhans, Gurjaras and Palas
(b) Gurjara-Pratiharas, Palas and Rashtrakutas
(c) Palas, Chauhans and Rashtrakutas
(d) Solankis, Ahoms and Gonds
5. Who built the temple given in the picture below?



- (a) Rajendra
- (b) Mahendravarman
- (c) Rajaraja
- (d) Prithviraj Chauhan

6. Who was the daughter of Sultan Iltutmish?
(a) Chand Bibi (b) Gulbadan Sultan
(c) Raziyya Sultan (d) None of these
7. Under whose rule harsh conditions of service were imposed on the iqtdars?
(a) Qutub-ud-din Aibak (b) Iltutmish
(c) Ibrahim Lodhi (d) Muhammad Tughluq
8. What does the term 'primogeniture' refer to?
(a) Equal distribution of the property among all heirs.
(b) Eldest son inherited the father's estate
(c) Distribution among daughters only
(d) Distribution among sons only
9. Identify the aspects under Ain-i Akbari by Abul Fazl.
(a) Revenue (b) Crops
(c) Geography (d) All of these
10. Who was Mehrunnisa?
(a) Daughter of Akbar
(b) Daughter-in-law of Shah Jahan
(c) Wife of Aurangzeb
(d) Wife of Jahangir
11. Identify the natural ecosystem from the given below image.



(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)

12. When is the World Environment Day celebrated?
 (a) 5th June (b) 13th July
 (c) 21st July (d) 2nd August
13. What are the main mineral constituents of the continental mass?
 (a) Silica and alumina (b) Nickel and iron
 (c) Silica and magnesium (d) Silica and nickel
14. Granite is an example of which type of rock?
 (a) Intrusive igneous rock
 (b) Extrusive igneous rock
 (c) Sedimentary rock
 (d) None of the above
15. A school servant is denied to drink water from the school water cooler. Which principle of democracy is violated here ?
 (a) Exploitation (b) Dignity
 (c) Equality (d) Both (b) and (c)
16. What does Article 15 of the Indian Constitution prohibit?
 (a) Equality (b) Discrimination
 (c) Liberty (d) Freedom
17. Which Ahom General defeated the Mughal emperors?
 (a) Bir Narayan (b) Sangram Shah
 (c) Lachit Borphukan (d) None of these
18. From which state does the Koboï Naga Tribe belong?
 (a) Manipur (b) Assam
 (c) Tripura (d) Madhya Pradesh
19. Who is the head of the executive part of the government?
 (a) The President
 (b) The Prime Minister
 (c) The Chief Minister
 (d) The Speaker of the Assembly
20. Who among the following appoints the Chief Minister and other ministers?
 (a) The President
 (b) The Chief Justice of the High Court
 (c) The Governor of the State
 (d) None of the above
21. Which of the following is correct about the epicenter of the Earth?
 (a) The place on the Earth surface just above the focus where vibrations reach first.
 (b) The place inside the Earth where vibrations originates.
 (c) The instrument which measures Earthquake magnitude.
 (d) The instrument that measures Earthquake intensity.
22. Who among the following was an advocate of Advaita?
 (a) Ramanuja (b) Sufis
 (c) Shankaracharya (d) Nizamuddin Aulia
23. Mirabai became the disciple of which religious leader?
 (a) Ravidas (b) Eknath
 (c) Tukanath (d) Surdas
24. From which state does the dance Kuchipudi belong to?
 (a) Arunachal Pradesh
 (b) Kerala
 (c) Uttar Pradesh
 (d) Andhra Pradesh
25. Who were Kolus and Kansaris respectively?
 (a) Bell metal workers and oil pressers
 (b) Oil pressers and bell metal workers
 (c) Four roofed and dual roofed
 (d) Brahmanas and Bengalis
26. What was the consequence of Aurangzeb's mismanagement of the military and financial resources?
 (a) Disintegration of Mughal Empire
 (b) Rise of regional kingdoms
 (c) Both (a) and (b)
 (d) None of the above
27. Who among the following consolidated the Jat State at Bharatpur?
 (a) Churaman
 (b) Jawahir Shah
 (c) Shahu Maharaj
 (d) Suraj Mal

28. How are the waves formed?

- (a) When Earth tectonic plates move under the water.
- (b) Waves are formed when winds scrape across the ocean surface.
- (c) When gravity of the Sun pulls the water.
- (d) None of the above

29. High tides are useful as they help in

- (a) bringing rainfall
- (b) forecasting weather
- (c) gravitation
- (d) navigation

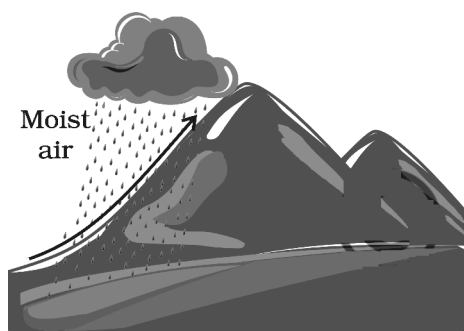
30. Which layer of that atmosphere is equipped with an Ozone layer?

- (a) Thermosphere (b) Troposphere
- (c) Mesosphere (d) Stratosphere

31. What do you understand about permanent winds?

- (a) The trade winds like easterlies or westerlies that blow constantly throughout the year.
- (b) Those winds which change their direction in different seasons.
- (c) The winds which blow over a particular time of the day like sea breeze.
- (d) All of the above

32. Which type of rainfall is illustrated in the given image?



- (a) Convectional (b) Orographic
- (c) Cyclonic (d) Tidal

33. The National Highway 1 connects Leh to Kashmir Valley through which pass?

- (a) Bara-lach La (b) Burzi La
- (c) Zoji La (d) Rohtang Pass

34. What is Lamayuru?

- (a) A Buddhist Monastery
- (b) A mountain pass
- (c) A tribe
- (d) A religion

35. Which of the following city or cities is not located on the banks of Ganga?

- (a) Prayagraj
- (b) Haridwar
- (c) Rishikesh
- (d) Indore

36. Which of the following processes represents a chemical change?

- (a) Melting of ice
- (b) Rusting of iron
- (c) Boiling of water
- (d) Tearing of paper

37. How do the merchants earn profit?

- (a) By giving lower wages to the workers.
- (b) By pricing the final products at higher costs.
- (c) By using media to promote their products in an emotional way.
- (d) All of the above

38. Why do women have a double burden of work?

- (a) They have to do dual timings in their office.
- (b) They have to carry kids and husbands.
- (c) They have the dual role in house as well as in professional life.
- (d) They have to take care of old people and young people.

39. The branch of science dealing with classification of living things is known as

- (a) Ecology (b) Zoology
- (c) Taxonomy (d) Botany

40. What are the campaigns?

- (a) An unorganised protest or movement.
- (b) An organised protest or movement for any goal or purpose of creating awareness.
- (c) A false movement against the government
- (d) All of the above

Section B (2 Marks)

- 41. Assertion (A)** Newspapers are called print media.

Reason (R) Newspapers are printed on paper using printing technology.

Codes

- (a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (c) (A) is true, but (R) is false
- (d) (A) is false, but (R) is true

- 42.** He was born in Tamil Nadu in the eleventh century, was deeply influenced by the Alvars. According to him the best means of attaining salvation was through intense devotion to Vishnu. Vishnu in his grace helps the devotee to attain the bliss of union with him. He propounded the doctrine of Vishishtadvaita or qualified oneness in that the sole, even when united with the Supreme Court remain distinct.

About which religious leader or reformer, the paragraph is talking about?

- (a) Eknath
- (b) Kabir Das
- (c) Tukaram
- (d) Ramanuja

- 43.** Match the following.

| List-I | | List-II |
|--------|-----------------|-----------|
| A | Toucans | 1. Birds |
| B. | Boa constrictor | 2. Snake |
| C. | Piranha | 3. Fish |
| D. | Bromeliads | 4. Plants |

Codes

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------|---|---|---|
| | A | B | C | D |
| (a) | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| (b) | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| (c) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (d) | None of the above | | | |

- 44.** Very recently, the media drew our attention to alarming levels of pesticides in cola drinks. They published reports that indicated the high level of pesticides and thus, made us aware of the need to regularly monitor these colas according to international quality and safety standards. They did this despite the government's resistance by boldly declaring that colas were unsafe.

What role is played by the media here?

- (a) Irrelevant
- (b) Irresponsible
- (c) Responsible
- (d) Creating false awareness among public

- 45.** The merchant distributes work among the weavers based on the orders he has received for cloth. The weavers get the yarn from the merchant and supply him the cloth. For the weavers, this arrangement seemingly has two advantages. The weavers do not have to spend their money on the purchase of yarn. Also, the problem of selling the finished cloth is taken care of. Weavers know from the outset what cloth they should make and how much of it is to be woven.

What aspect of the process is managed by the merchant here?

- (a) The weavers' salaries and wages.
- (b) The purchase of yarn and the sale of finished cloth.
- (c) The weavers' personal expenses and lifestyle.
- (d) The design and pattern of the cloth

- 46.** Consider the following statements.

- I. Weekly markets have permanent shops.
- II. Many things in weekly markets are available at cheaper rates.
- III. There is competition among the shops in weekly markets.
- IV. Most things which people need are available at one place.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (a) I and II
- (b) II, III and IV
- (c) II and IV
- (d) None of these

2. Which of the following is/are correctly matched?

| Meteorological Instrument | Measures |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| (i) Barometer | Measured atmospheric temperature |
| (ii) Rain Gauge | Amount of rainfall |
| (iii) Wind Vane | Direction of wind |

Codes

- (a) Only (i)
(b) Only (i) and (ii)
(c) Only (ii) and (iii)
(d) All of the above
3. Which level of the public health service system is responsible for overseeing the health centres in a rural area?
- (a) The village health worker
(b) The District Hospital
(c) The Primary Health Centre (PHC)
(d) The specialised government hospitals

4. What was the primary reason behind the Non-Cooperation Movement initiated by Mahatma Gandhi in 1920?

- (a) To support British rule in India
(b) To demand dominion status for India
(c) To oppose the Rowlatt Act and the Jallianwala Bagh Massacre
(d) To create political alliances with European nations

5. **Assertion (A)** In democracy, the Chief Minister can take the decision solely.

Reason (R) The decisions taken by the Chief Minister and other ministers have to be approved by the other members of the Legislative Assembly.

Codes

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
(b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
(c) A is true, but R is false
(d) A is false, but R is true

